(Mark One)

## $\checkmark$ QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES

 EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2012

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from $\qquad$ to $\qquad$

Commission File Number: 1-10526

## UNITED-GUARDIAN, INC.

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)

Delaware
(State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation or Organization)

11-1719724
(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

230 Marcus Boulevard, Hauppauge, New York 11788
(Address of Principal Executive Offices)
(631) 273-0900
$\overline{(\text { Registrant's Telephone Number) }}$

N/A
(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or $15(\mathrm{~d})$ of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the past 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes $\square \quad$ No $\square$

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See definitions of "large accelerated filer", "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer
Non-accelerated filer(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)
Accelerated filer
Smaller reporting company
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.)

YesNo $\nabla$

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date:

4,596,439 shares of common stock, par value $\$ .10$ per share
(as of August 1, 2012)

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## Part I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

## ITEM 1. Condensed Financial Statements

UNITED-GUARDIAN, INC.

## STATEMENTS OF INCOME <br> (UNAUDITED)

|  | THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, |  | SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\underline{2012}$ | $\underline{2011}$ | $\underline{2012}$ | $\underline{2011}$ |
| Net sales | \$ 3,735,100 | \$ 4,060,299 | \$ 7,623,792 | \$ 7,702,348 |
| Costs and expenses: |  |  |  |  |
| Cost of sales | 1,465,119 | 1,628,293 | 3,004,959 | 3,088,883 |
| Operating expenses | 548,254 | 700,783 | 1,151,117 | 1,221,929 |
| Total costs and expenses | 2,013,373 | 2,329,076 | 4,156,076 | 4,310,812 |
| Income from operations | 1,721,727 | 1,731,223 | 3,467,716 | 3,391,536 |
| Other income: |  |  |  |  |
| Investment income | 41,757 | 72,580 | 111,348 | 143,903 |
| Gain on sale of assets | --- | 11,237 | 2,750 | 5,984 |
| Total other income | 41,757 | 83,817 | 114,098 | 149,887 |
| Income before income taxes | 1,763,484 | 1,815,040 | 3,581,814 | 3,541,423 |
| Provision for income taxes | 570,400 | 590,400 | 1,160,100 | 1,150,600 |
| Net Income | \$ 1,193,084 | \$ 1,224,640 | \$ 2,421,714 | \$ 2, 390,823 |
| Earnings per common share (Basic and Diluted) | \$ 0.26 | \$ 0.27 | \$ 0.53 | \$ 0.52 |
| Weighted average shares - basic and diluted | $\underline{\text { 4,596,439 }}$ | $\underline{4,596,439}$ | $\underline{4,596,439}$ | $\underline{4,596,439}$ |

## UNITED-GUARDIAN, INC.

## STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(UNAUDITED)

Net income
Other comprehensive income:
Unrealized gain on marketable securities during period

Income tax expense related to other comprehensive income

Other comprehensive income, net of tax
Comprehensive income

THREE MONTHS ENDED
JUNE 30,
$\underline{2012}$
2011
\$ 1,193,084
\$ 1,224,640

69,362
57,150
$(19,808)$
$(57,028)$
$(24,347)$

45,321
\$ 1,238,405
\$ 1,261,982
\$ 2,421,714
\$ 2,390,823

164,533
70,247
$(24,041)$
$\$ \underline{\underline{107,505}}$
45,900
\$ 2,436,723

SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, $\underline{2012}$ 2011

UNITED-GUARDIAN, INC.

## BALANCE SHEETS

ASSETS

## Current assets:

Cash and cash equivalents

Marketable securities
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of $\$ 18,000$ at June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011
Inventories (net)
Prepaid expenses and other current assets
Prepaid income taxes
Deferred income taxes
Total current assets

Property, plant and equipment:
Land

Building and improvements
Waste disposal plant
Total property, plant and equipment
Less: Accumulated depreciation
Total property, plant and equipment, net

Other assets

JUNE 30,
$\qquad$
2012
(UNAUDITED)
\$ 1,836,114

9,473,530

2,012,659
1,127,825
167,726

223,546
14,841,400

| 69,000 | 69,000 |
| ---: | ---: |
| $3,744,157$ | $3,694,379$ |
| $2,716,516$ | $2,714,780$ |
| 133,532 | 133,532 |
| $6,663,205$ | $6,611,691$ |
| $5,451,084$ | $\underline{5,366,204}$ |
| $1,212,121$ | $\underline{1,245,487}$ |

18,836
$\$ \quad 16,072,357$

DECEMBER 31, 2011
\$ 1,090,974
9,295,755

1,653,440
1,467,434 163,034
78,613
223,546
13,972,796

1,245,487

37,672
\$ 15,255,955

UNITED-GUARDIAN, INC.
BALANCE SHEETS
(continued)

## LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

## Current liabilities:

> JUNE 30, $\frac{2012}{\text { (UNAUDITED) }}$

DECEMBER 31, 2011
\$ 400,389 676,959
$\qquad$

64,578

## Deferred income taxes

## Stockholders' equity:

Common stock $\$ .10$ par value, authorized, 10,000,000 shares; 4,596,439 shares issued and outstanding at June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively.
Accumulated other comprehensive income
Retained earnings
Total stockholders' equity
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

459,644
459,644
142,117
34,612
13,619,773
14,114,029
14,712,744
\$ $16,072,357$
\$ 15,255,955

## STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(UNAUDITED)


# NOTES TO CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS <br> (UNAUDITED) 

1. Nature of Business

United-Guardian, Inc. (the "Company") is a Delaware corporation that, through its Guardian Laboratories Division, conducts research, product development, manufacturing and marketing of cosmetic ingredients and other personal care products, pharmaceuticals, medical and health care products and proprietary specialty industrial products.
2. Basis of Presentation

Interim financial statements of the Company are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") for interim financial information and pursuant to the requirements for reporting on Form 10-Q and Regulation SX. In the opinion of management, all adjustments, consisting solely of normal recurring accruals, considered necessary for the fair presentation of financial statements for the interim periods have been included. The results of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2012 (also referred to as the "second quarter of 2012" and the "first half of 2012", respectively) are not necessarily indicative of results that ultimately may be achieved for any other interim period or for the year ending December 31, 2012. The interim unaudited financial statements and notes thereto should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements and notes thereto contained in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011.
3. Stock-Based Compensation

The Company maintains a stock-based compensation plan for its employees and directors, which is more fully described in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011. The Company recognizes the fair value of all share-based payments to employees, including grants of employee stock options, as a compensation expense in the financial statement.

As of June 30, 2012, the Company had no share-based awards outstanding and exercisable and did not grant any options during the first half of 2012.

As of June 30, 2012, there were no remaining unrecognized compensation costs related to the non-vested share-based compensation arrangements granted under the Company's plans.

The Company did not record any stock-based compensation expense during the first half of 2012 or 2011.

The Company did not receive any proceeds from the exercise of options during the first half of 2012 or 2011.

## 4. Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2011, FASB issued an amendment to the disclosure requirements for the presentation of comprehensive income. The amendment requires that all non-owner changes in stockholders' equity be presented either in a single continuous statement of comprehensive income or in two separate but consecutive statements. This guidance is effective retrospectively for the interim periods and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2011. The Company adopted this
amendment effective January 1, 2012. The adoption of this amendment did not have a material impact on the Company's results of operation.
5. Investments

The fair values of the Company's marketable securities are determined in accordance with GAAP, with fair value being defined as the amount that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants. As such, fair value is a market-based measurement that should be determined based on assumptions that market participants would use in pricing an asset or liability. As a basis for considering such assumptions, the Company utilizes the three-tier value hierarchy, as prescribed by GAAP, which prioritizes the inputs used in measuring fair value, as follows:

- Level 1 - inputs to the valuation methodology are quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets.
- Level 2 - inputs to the valuation methodology include quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets, and inputs that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly, for substantially the full term of the financial instrument.
- Level 3 - inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

The following available-for-sale securities, which comprise all the Company's marketable securities, are re-measured to fair value on a recurring basis and are valued using Level 1 inputs, which are quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets in active markets:

| June 30, 2012 |  | Cost |  | Fair Value | Unrealized <br> Gain/(Loss) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Corporate bonds |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mature within 1 year | \$ | 93,124 | \$ | 85,533 | \$ | $(7,591)$ |
| Maturities after 1 year through 5 years |  | 203,920 |  | 201,489 |  | $(2,431)$ |
| Total corporate bonds |  | 297,044 |  | 287,022 |  | $(10,022)$ |
| Fixed income mutual funds |  | 8,702,506 |  | 8,918,960 |  | 216,454 |
| Equity and other mutual funds |  | 256,474 |  | 267,548 |  | 11,074 |
|  | \$ | 9,256,024 | \$ | 9,473,530 | \$ | 217,506 |
| December 31, 2011 |  | Cost |  | Fair Value |  | nrealized Gain/(Loss) |
| Available for Sale: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| U.S. Treasury and agencies |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mature within 1 year | \$ | 249,137 | \$ | 234,388 | \$ | $(14,749)$ |
| Corporate bonds |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mature within 1 year |  | 267,251 |  | 247,719 |  | $(19,532)$ |
| Maturities after 1 year through 5 years |  | 203,920 |  | 195,899 |  | (8,021) |
| Total corporate bonds |  | 471,171 |  | 443,618 |  | $(27,553)$ |
| Fixed income mutual funds |  | 8,268,624 |  | 8,372,216 |  | 103,592 |
| Equity and other mutual funds |  | 253,850 |  | 245,533 |  | $(8,317)$ |
|  | \$ | 9,242,782 | \$ | 9,295,755 | \$ | 52,973 |

Proceeds from the sale and redemption of marketable securities amounted to $\$ 1,615,600$ for the first half of 2012, which included realized losses of $\$ 30,975$. Proceeds from the sale and redemption of marketable securities amounted to $\$ 1,300,000$ for the first half of 2011, which included realized gains of $\$ 142$.

Investment income consisted principally of interest income from bonds and money market funds and dividend income from bond funds and mutual funds.

Marketable securities include investments in equity mutual funds, government securities and corporate bonds which are classified as "available-for-sale" securities and are reported at their fair values. Unrealized gains and losses on "available-for-sale" securities are reported as accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) in stockholders' equity, net of the related tax effects. Investment income is recognized when earned. Realized gains and loses on sales of investments are determined on a specific identification basis.
6. Inventories


Inventories are valued at the lower of cost or current market value. Cost is determined using the average cost method, which approximates cost determined by the first-in, first-out ("FIFO") method. Finished product inventories at June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011 are stated net of a reserve of $\$ 20,000$ for slow-moving or obsolete inventory.

## 7. Supplemental Financial Statement Information

For purposes of the Statements of Cash Flows, the Company considers all highly liquid investments purchased with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Cash payments for taxes were $\$ 1,016,745$ and $\$ 905,000$ for the first half of 2012 and 2011, respectively. No payments were made for interest during these periods.
The Company paid $\$ 1,930,504$ ( $\$ 0.42$ per share) and $\$ 1,654,718$ ( $\$ 0.36$ per share) in dividends for the first half of 2012 and 2011, respectively.
Research and development expenses amounted to $\$ 290,390$ and $\$ 259,766$ for the first half of 2012 and 2011, respectively, and are included in operating expenses.
8. Income Taxes

The Company's tax provision is based on its estimated annual effective rate. The Company continues to fully recognize its tax benefits, which are offset by a valuation allowance to the extent that it is more likely than not that the deferred tax assets will not be realized. As of June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011, the Company did not have any unrecognized tax benefits.

The Company files consolidated Federal income tax returns in the U.S. with its inactive subsidiary, and separate income tax returns in New York State. The Company is subject to examination by the Internal Revenue Service and by New York State for years 2008 through 2011.

The Company's policy is to recognize interest and penalties in interest expense.
9. Comprehensive Income

Accumulated other comprehensive income comprises unrealized gains and losses on marketable securities net of the related tax effect.
10. Defined Contribution Plan

The Company sponsors a $401(\mathrm{k})$ defined contribution plan ("DC Plan") that provides for a dollar-for-dollar employer matching contribution of the first $4 \%$ of each employee's pay. Employees become fully vested in employer matching contributions after one year of employment. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, the Company had accrued for contributions of $\$ 43,750$ and $\$ 87,500$, respectively, to the DC Plan. For the first half of 2012 and 2011, the Company did not make any discretionary contributions to the DC Plan.
11. Related-Party Transactions

For the first half of 2012, the Company made no payments to Henry Globus, a former officer and director of the Company who passed away in December 2011, as compared with the first half of 2011, in which the Company paid him $\$ 11,148$. The payments were for consulting services in accordance with his employment termination agreement of 1988.

During the first half of 2012 and 2011, the Company paid to Bonamassa, Maietta and Cartelli, LLP \$6,000 in each period, for accounting and tax services. Lawrence Maietta, a partner in Bonamassa, Maietta and Cartelli, LLP, is a director of the Company.

During the first quarter of 2011, the Company sold one of its vehicles with a book value of $\$ 20,407$ to one of its Vice Presidents for $\$ 15,154$ (the vehicle's fair market value) as part of his severance package. As a result, the Company recognized a non-cash loss of \$5,253.
12. Other Information

## Accrued Expenses

|  |  | June 30, $\underline{2012}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { December } 31 \\ \underline{2011} \end{gathered}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Accrued bonuses | \$ | 458,811 | \$ | 200,000 |
| Accrued 401K plan contributions |  | 87,500 |  | --- |
| Accrued distribution fees |  | 206,706 |  | 191,171 |
| Payroll and related expenses |  | 182,997 |  | 80,986 |
| Other |  | 111,292 |  | 204,802 |
|  | \$ | 1,047,306 | \$ | 676,959 |

## Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

## FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Statements made in this Form 10-Q which are not purely historical are forward-looking statements with respect to the goals, plans, objectives, intentions, expectations, financial condition, results of operations, future performance and business of the Company. Forwardlooking statements may be identified by the use of such words as "believes", "may", "will", "should", "intends", "plans", "estimates", "anticipates", or other similar expressions.

Forward-looking statements involve inherent risks and uncertainties, and important factors (many of which are beyond our control) could cause actual results to differ materially from those set forth in the forward-looking statements. In addition to those specific risks and uncertainties set forth in the Company's reports currently on file with the SEC, some other factors that may affect the future results of operations of the Company are: the development of products that may be superior to those of the Company; changes in the quality or composition of the Company's products; lack of market acceptance of the Company's products; the Company's ability to develop new products; general economic or industry conditions; changes in intellectual property rights; changes in interest rates; new legislation or regulatory requirements; conditions of the securities markets; the Company's ability to raise capital; changes in accounting principles, policies or guidelines; financial or political instability; acts of war or terrorism; and other economic, competitive, governmental, regulatory and technical factors that may affect the Company's operations, products, services and prices.

Accordingly, results actually achieved may differ materially from those anticipated as a result of such forward-looking statements, and those statements speak only as of the date they are made. The Company does not undertake, and specifically disclaims, any obligation to update any forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances occurring after the date of such statements.

## OVERVIEW

The Company is a Delaware corporation that conducts research, product development, manufacturing and marketing of cosmetic ingredients, personal and health care products, pharmaceuticals, and specialty industrial products. All of the products that the Company manufactures, with the exception of its RENACIDIN ${ }^{\circledR}$ IRRIGATION ("RENACIDIN"), are produced at its facility in Hauppauge, New York, and are marketed through marketing partners, distributors, wholesalers, direct advertising, mailings, and trade exhibitions. Its most important personal care product line is its LUBRAJEL ${ }^{\circledR}$ line of water-based moisturizing and lubricating gels. It also sells two pharmaceutical products for urological uses. Those products are sold primarily through the major drug wholesalers, which in turn sell the products to pharmacies, hospitals, nursing homes and other long-term care facilities, and to government agencies, primarily the Veteran's Administration.

The Company's pharmaceutical products are distributed primarily in the United States. Its personal care products are marketed worldwide by five marketing partners, of which Ashland Specialty Ingredients ("ASI") purchases the largest volume of products from the Company. Approximately one-half of the Company's personal care products are sold, either directly or through the Company's marketing partners, to end users located outside of the United States.

While the Company does have competition in the marketplace for some of its products, many of its products are either unique in their field or have some unique characteristics, and therefore are not in direct competition with the products of other pharmaceutical, specialty chemical, or health care companies. Many of the Company's products are manufactured using patented or proprietary processes. The Company's research and development department is actively working on the development of new products to expand the Company's line of personal care and performance products.

The Company recognizes revenue when products are shipped, title and risk of loss pass to the customers, persuasive evidence of a sales arrangement exists, and collections are reasonably assured. An allowance for returns, based on historical experience, is taken as a reduction of sales within the same period the revenue is recognized.

The Company has been issued many patents and trademarks and intends, whenever possible, to make efforts to obtain patents in connection with its product development program.

## CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

As disclosed in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2011, the discussion and analysis of the Company's financial condition and results of operations are based on its financial statements, which have been prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. The preparation of those financial statements required the Company to make estimates and assumptions that affect the carrying value of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses reported in those financial statements. Those estimates and assumptions can be subjective and complex, and consequently actual results could differ from those estimates and assumptions. The Company's most critical accounting policies relate to revenue recognition, concentration of credit risk, inventory, and income taxes. Since December 31, 2011, there have been no significant changes to the assumptions and estimates related to those critical accounting policies.

The following discussion and analysis covers material changes in the financial condition of the Company since the year ended December 31, 2011, and a comparison of the results of operations for the second quarter of 2012 and 2011, and the first half of 2012 and 2011. This discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with "Management's Discussion and Analysis or Plan of Operation" included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011.

## RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

## Sales

Net sales for the second quarter of 2012 decreased $\$ 325,199$ ( $8.0 \%$ ) compared with the comparable period in 2011. Net sales for the first half of 2012 decreased $\$ 78,556$ ( $1.0 \%$ ) as compared with the corresponding period in 2011. The changes in net sales for the second quarter of 2012 and the first half of 2012 were attributable to changes in sales of the following product lines:
(a) Pharmaceuticals: The Company's RENACIDIN product typically accounts for $85 \%$ of the Company's pharmaceutical product sales. Over the past 20 months, RENACIDIN experienced two disruptions in production that led to product shortages. The first disruption began in November 2010 and lasted until May 2011, and was caused by regulatory issues
at the third-party facility that manufactures the product for the Company. The issues were unrelated to the Company's product, but disrupted all production at that facility. When product became available in May 2011, there was a surge in orders, not only due to the need of the Company's distributors to restock their depleted inventories, but also because of the desire on the part of the distributors to avoid a price increase that was to go into effect on June 1, 2011. The result was unusually strong RENACIDIN sales in the second quarter of 2011.

The second disruption began in May 2012 and continues as of the date of this report, and is related to general production problems at the supplier's manufacturing site. It affects all of the products manufactured at that facility. The resulting failure to supply product to the Company significantly impacted the Company's ability to fill orders for product in the second quarter of 2012.

Since the Company did not experience the same surge in sales in the second quarter of 2012 as it had in the second quarter of 2011, and because the Company also had to allocate product and reduce shipments as existing inventory was depleted in the second quarter of 2012, sales of RENACIDIN in the second quarter of 2012 were not only lower than they would be in a typical quarter, but also substantially lower than they were in the second quarter of 2011 when the surge in sales took place. As a result, pharmaceutical sales decreased $\$ 471,837$ (46.6\%) for the second quarter of 2012. However, due to limited product availability from January to May of 2011, compared with full product availability during the same period in 2012, sales for the first half of 2012 decreased by only $\$ 76,823$ compared with the same period in 2011.

The Company has been informed by its supplier that it currently hopes to resume production in September 2012, but that could be delayed further if FDA approval to restart production is delayed or if other events occur that could impact production The supplier is holding three batches that were produced for the Company in May 2012 but have not yet been released, The supplier will not release these batches until it is able to resume regular production. The Company is working with the Food and Drug Administration to get those batches released as soon as possible.

As of the date of this report the Company's inventory of Renacidin has been depleted. The Company will not be able to fill any further orders for Renacidin until production is resumed and/or the lots being held by the supplier are released. The failure of the supplier to deliver additional inventory to the Company before the end of September 2012 will result in a significant impact on its pharmaceutical sales for the third quarter of 2012. The Company has notified the supplier that it will seek reimbursement and compensation for all losses incurred as a result of the disruption in production.

The Company has also been notified by its supplier that it will no longer supply product to the Company after January 2014. The Company has been actively looking for a new supplier for several months, and is currently in discussions with a company interested in, and capable of, producing the product. The Company is hopeful that it will have a replacement manufacturer in place prior to the January 2014 termination date, but plans to bring in additional inventory prior to that date in the event the transfer process takes longer than anticipated.
(b) Personal care products: For the second quarter of 2012 the Company's sales of personal care products decreased by $\$ 65,231$ ( $2.6 \%$ ) when compared with the second quarter of 2011, and for the first half of 2012 the Company's sales of personal care products increased by $\$ 60,421$ (1.2\%) when compared with the comparable period in 2011. The decrease in sales in the second quarter of 2012, and the increase in sales for the first six months of 2012, were due to normal fluctuations in sales to ASI, the Company's largest marketing partner. Sales to ASI decreased by $\$ 64,878$ (3.2\%) and increased $\$ 76,464$ (1.9\%) for the three and six months periods, respectively, ended June 30, 2012, compared with the corresponding periods in 2011. The Company believes that these fluctuations in sales were attributable to the timing of orders placed by ASI.
(c) Medical (non-pharmaceutical) products: Sales of the Company's medical products increased by $\$ 176,465$ (31.0\%) for the second quarter of 2012 , and decreased by $\$ 65,666$ $(4.5 \%)$ for the first half of 2012 compared with the comparable periods in 2011. These changes were primarily attributable to the ordering patterns of the Company's customers for these products, and may not reflect an increase or a decrease in sales of these products on an annualized basis.
(d) Industrial and other products: Sales of the Company's industrial products, as well as other miscellaneous products, increased by \$37,897 (126.3\%) and \$30,667 (52.1\%) for the three and six months, respectively, ended June 30, 2012, when compared with the corresponding periods ended June 30, 2011.

In addition to the above changes in sales, net sales allowances increased \$2,491 and \$27,154 for the three and six months, respectively, ended June 30, 2012, when compared with the corresponding periods in 2011. The increases were primarily due to increases in fees paid to the Veterans' Administration.

## Cost of Sales

For the second quarter of 2012, cost of sales as a percentage of sales decreased to $39.2 \%$ from $40.1 \%$ in the second quarter of 2011. Cost of sales as a percentage of sales decreased to $39.4 \%$ for the first half of 2012, down from $40.1 \%$ for the comparable period in 2011. The decreases in cost of sales were primarily due to decreases in utilities and insurance costs, as well as changes in the mix of products sold, with sales of lower margin products replaced by sales of higher margin products.

## Operating Expenses

Operating expenses consist of selling, general and administrative expenses. Operating expenses decreased $\$ 152,529$ ( $21.8 \%$ ) for the second quarter of 2012 compared with the comparable quarter in 2011, and decreased $\$ 70,812$ ( $5.8 \%$ ) for the first half of 2012 compared with the first half of 2011. The decreases in operating expenses for the second quarter and first half of 2012 were primarily attributable to decreases in professional, consulting, legal and accounting fees, payroll related expenses and insurance expense.

## Other Income

Investment income decreased \$30,823 (42.5\%) and \$32,555 (22.6\%) for the three and six months, respectively, ended June 30, 2012, when compared with the comparable periods in 2011. These decreases were mainly attributable to realized losses on bonds sold. In the second quarter of 2012 the Company had no gains or losses on the sale of assets, as compared with a
gain of $\$ 11,237$ in the second quarter of 2011. For the first half of 2012 there was a decrease in income of $\$ 3,234$ resulting from the sale of assets.

## Provision for Income Taxes

The provision for income taxes decreased by $\$ 20,000$ (3.4\%) and increased by $\$ 9,500$ ( $0.8 \%$ ) for the three and six months, respectively, ended June 30, 2012, when compared with the comparable periods in 2011. The decrease for the second quarter of 2012 was mainly due to a decrease in income before taxes of $\$ 51,556(2.8 \%)$. The increase for the first half of 2012 was attributable to a slight increase in income before taxes of $\$ 40,391$ ( $1.1 \%$ ).

The Company's effective income tax rate remained approximately $33.0 \%$ for all periods presented.

## LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Working capital increased by $\$ 707,945$ to $\$ 13,603,393$ at June 30, 2012 from $\$ 12,895,448$ at December 31, 2011. The increase in working capital was primarily due to an increase in accounts receivable and cash. The current ratio decreased to 11.99 to 1 at June 30, 2012 from 12.97 to 1 at December 31, 2011. The decrease in the current ratio was primarily due to the effect of an increase in accrued expenses.

During the first half of 2012 the average period of time that an account receivable was outstanding was approximately 44 days. The average period of time that an account receivable was outstanding during the first half of 2011 was 33 days.

The Company believes that its working capital is, and will continue to be, sufficient to support its operating requirements for at least the next twelve months. The Company does not expect to incur any significant capital expenditures for the remainder of 2012.

The Company generated cash from operations of $\$ 2,787,745$ and $\$ 2,930,821$ for the first half of 2012 and 2011, respectively. The decrease was primarily due to a decrease in accounts payable.

Cash used in investing activities for the first half of 2012 and 2011 was \$112,101 and $\$ 1,346,808$, respectively. This decrease was primarily due to a decrease in the purchases of marketable securities and an increase in proceeds from the sale of marketable securities in the six months ended June 30, 2012 compared to the six months ended June 30, 2011.

Cash used in financing activities was $\$ 1,930,504$ and $\$ 1,654,718$ for the first half of 2012 and 2011, respectively. This increase was mainly due to an increase in dividend paid per share, from $\$ 0.36$ per share in 2011 to $\$ 0.42$ per share in 2012.

The Company expects to continue to use its cash to make dividend payments, to purchase marketable securities, and to take advantage of other opportunities that are in the best interest of the Company and its shareholders, should they arise.

## RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

See Note 4 to the Financial Statements for a description of recent accounting pronouncements, including the expected dates of adoption and the anticipated impact on the financial statements.

## OFF-BALANCE-SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

The Company has no off-balance-sheet transactions that have, or are reasonably likely to have, a current or future effect on the Company's financial condition, changes in financial condition, revenues or expenses, results of operations, liquidity, capital expenditures or capital resources.

## CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS AND COMMITMENTS

The information to be reported under this item is not required of smaller reporting companies.

## Item 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK.

The information to be reported under this item is not required of smaller reporting companies.

## Item 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

(a) DISCLOSURE CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

The Company's management, including its Principal Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, has evaluated the design, operation, and effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures pursuant to Rule 13a-15 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act"). There are inherent limitations to the effectiveness of any system of disclosure controls and procedures, including the possibility of human error and the circumvention or overriding of the controls and procedures. Accordingly, even effective disclosure controls and procedures can only provide reasonable assurance of achieving their control objectives. Based upon the evaluation performed by the Company's management, including its Principal Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, it was determined that, as of the end of the period covered by this quarterly report, the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were effective in providing reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed in the reports filed or submitted pursuant to the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized, and reported within the time periods specified in the rules and forms of the SEC, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to the Company's management, including its Principal Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, or persons performing similar functions, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding disclosures.
(b) CHANGES IN INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

The Company's Principal Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have determined that, during the period covered by this quarterly report, there were no changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting that materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting. They have also concluded that there were no significant changes in the Company's internal controls after the date of the evaluation.

## PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

## ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

NONE

## ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

The information to be reported under this item is not required of smaller reporting companies.

## ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS.

NONE

## ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

NONE
ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES
NONE
ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION
NONE

## ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

31.1 Certification of Kenneth H. Globus, President and Principal Executive Officer of the Company, pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
31.2 Certification of Robert S. Rubinger, Chief Financial Officer of the Company, pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

32 Certifications of the Principal Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer of the Company, pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

## SIGNATURES

In accordance with the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Company has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

UNITED-GUARDIAN, INC.
(Registrant)

By: /S/ KENNETH H. GLOBUS
Kenneth H. Globus
President

By: /S/ ROBERT S. RUBINGER<br>Robert S. Rubinger<br>Chief Financial Officer

Date: August 8, 2012

